

A Bloch Mode Expansion Approach for Analyzing Quasi-Normal Modes in Open Nanophotonic Structures

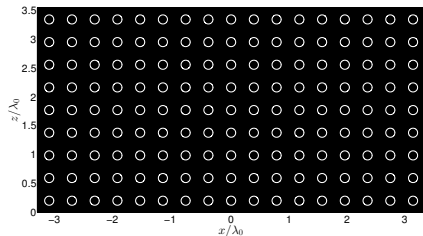
Jakob Rosenkrantz de Lassen, Philip Trøst Kristensen,
Jesper Mørk and Niels Gregersen

Technical University of Denmark

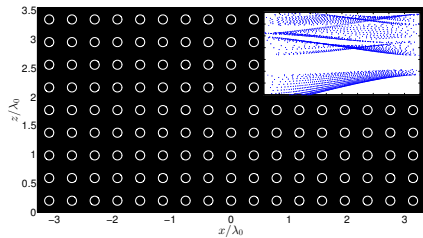
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META'14, May 23 2014

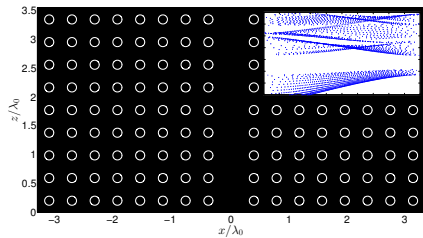
Scattering on Open Photonic Resonator – Modes?



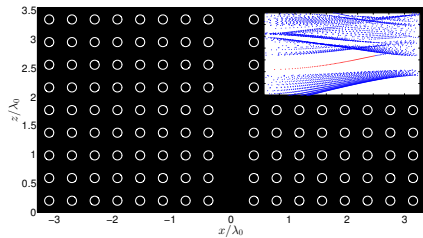
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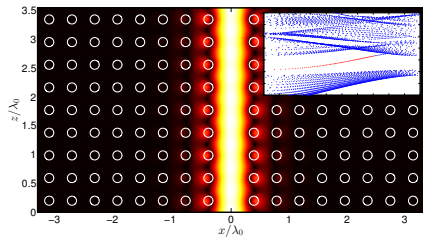
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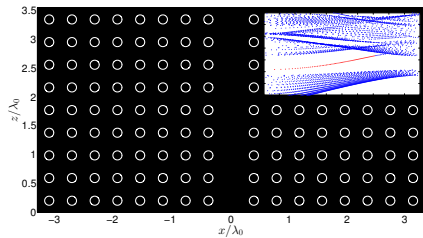
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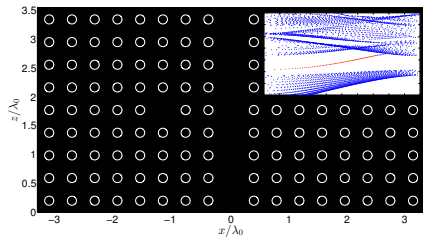
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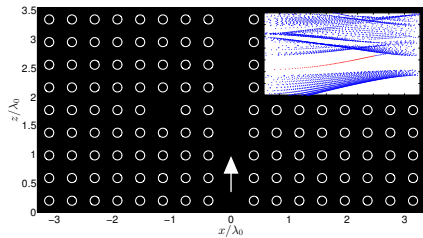
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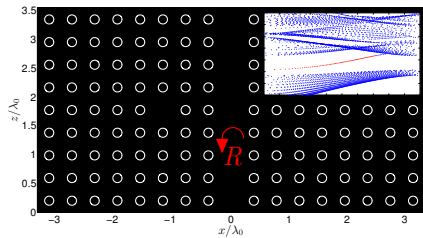
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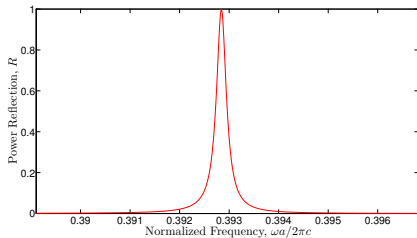
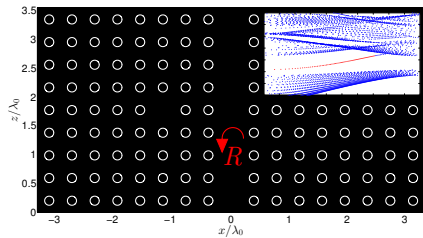
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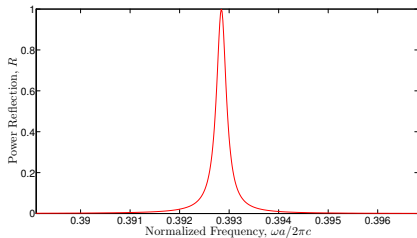
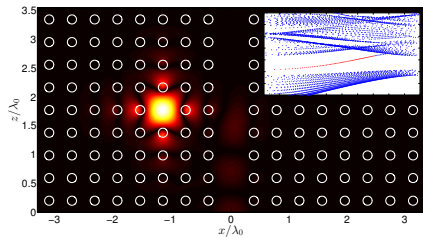
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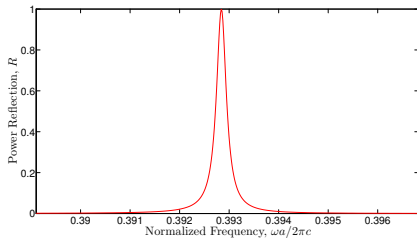
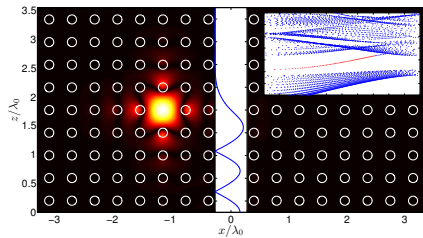
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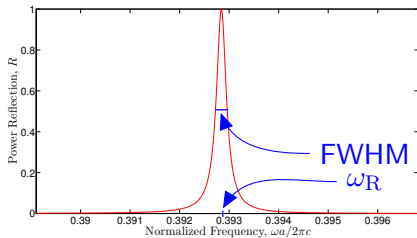
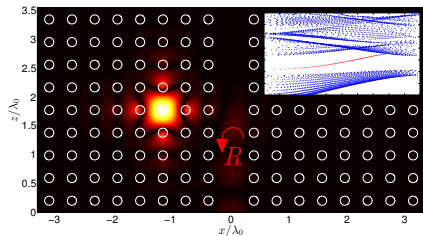
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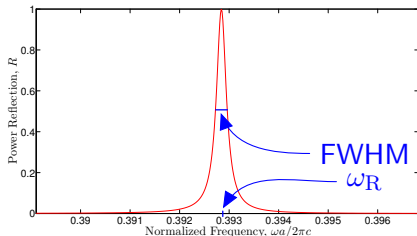
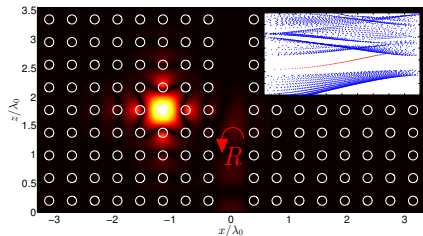


Scattering on Open Photonic Resonator – Modes?



$$Q = \frac{\omega_R}{\text{FWHM}}$$

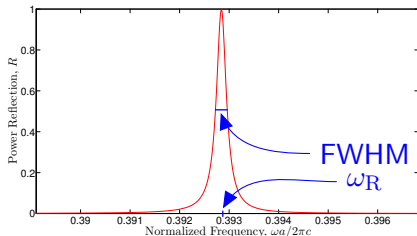
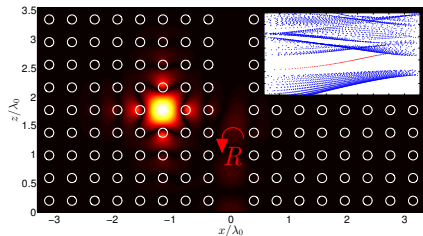
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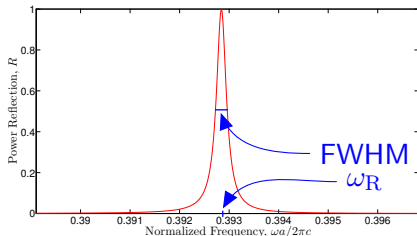
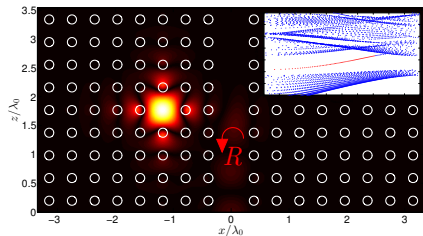


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... How to formalize the description of these modes?

- ▶ Definition of and previous work on **quasi-normal modes**

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- ▶ Quasi-normal modes in **photonic crystal cavities side-coupled to W1 waveguide**

Definition: Time-harmonic solutions $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}; t) = \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}; \omega) \exp(-i\omega t)$
of $\nabla \times \nabla \times \mathbf{E} = \left(\frac{\omega}{c}\right)^2 \epsilon \mathbf{E}$

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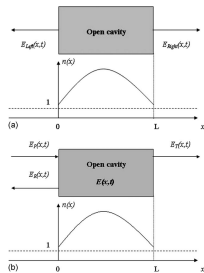
Non-hermitian problem: $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}; t) = \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}; \tilde{\omega}) \exp[-i(\omega_R - i\gamma)t]$.

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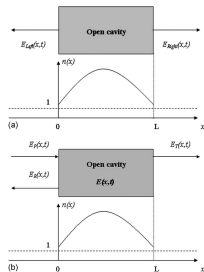
Explicit description of time-decaying resonator mode.

Quasi-Normal Modes: Selection of Previous Work

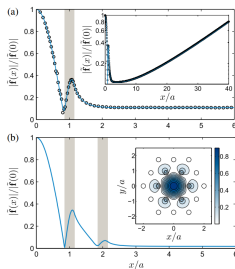


[A. Settini *et al.*, J. Opt. Soc. Am. B **26**, 876-891 (2009)]

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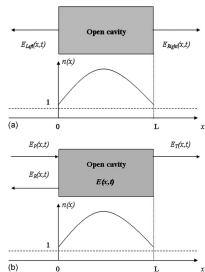


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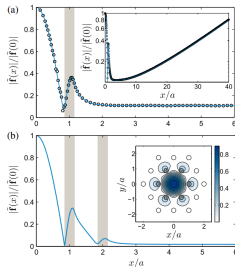


[P. T. Kristensen *et al.*, Opt. Lett. **37**, 1649-1651 (2012)]

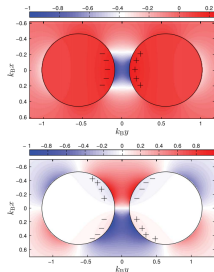
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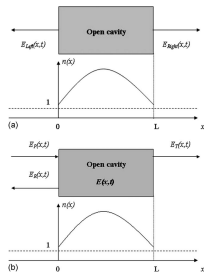


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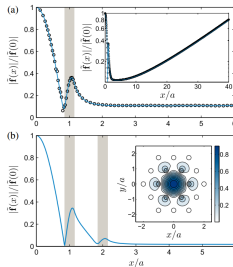


[J. R. de Lasson *et al.*, J. Opt. Soc. Am. B **30**, 1996-2007 (2013)]

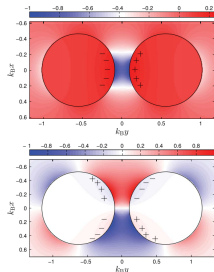
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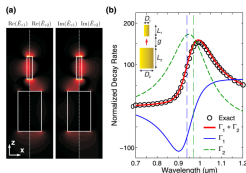
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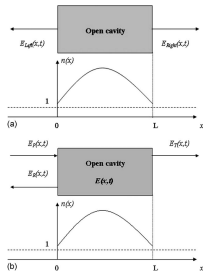


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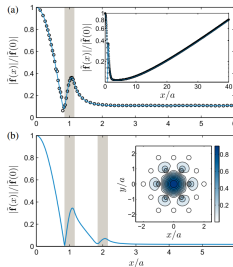


[C. Sauvan *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **110**, 237401 (2013)]

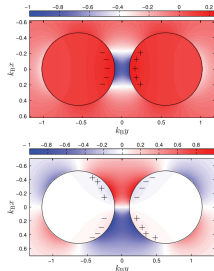
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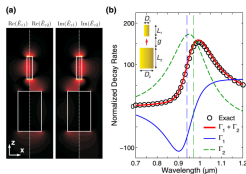
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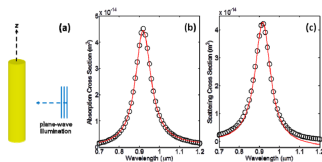
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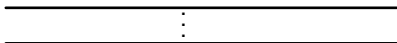


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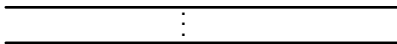


[Q. Bai *et al.*, Opt. Express **21**, 27371-27382 (2013)]

Section W



Section w



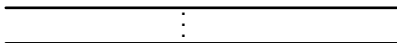
Section 2



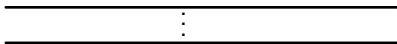
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Section w



Section 2



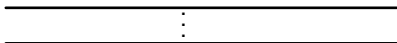
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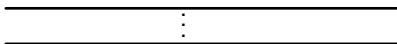
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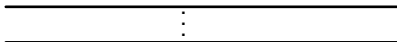
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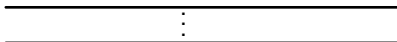
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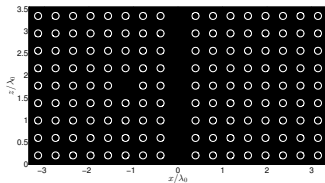
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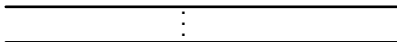
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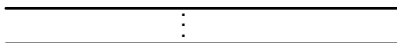
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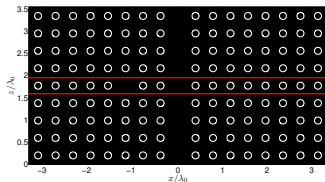
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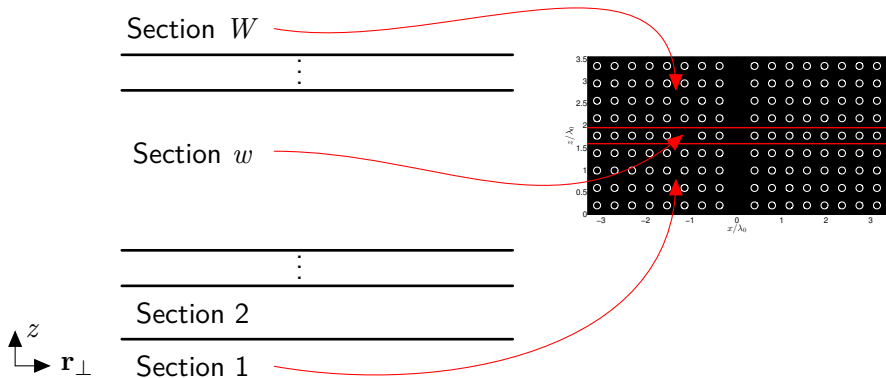


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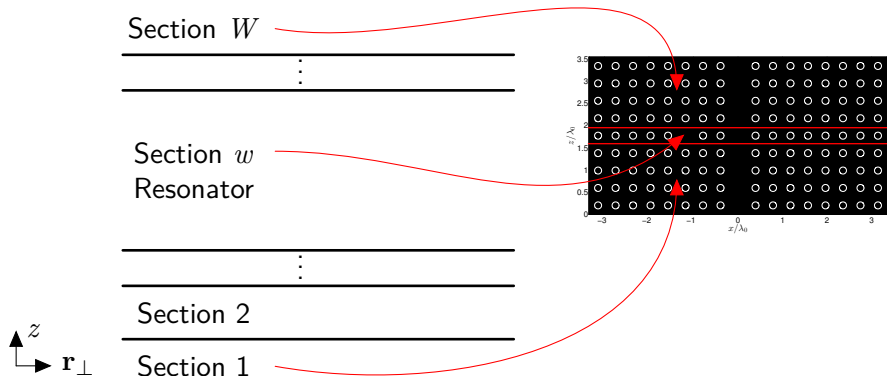
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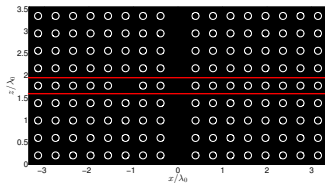
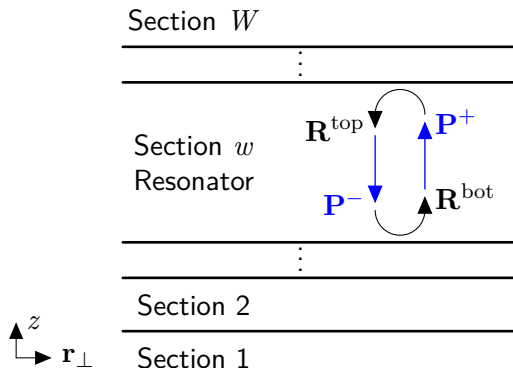
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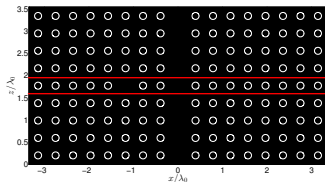
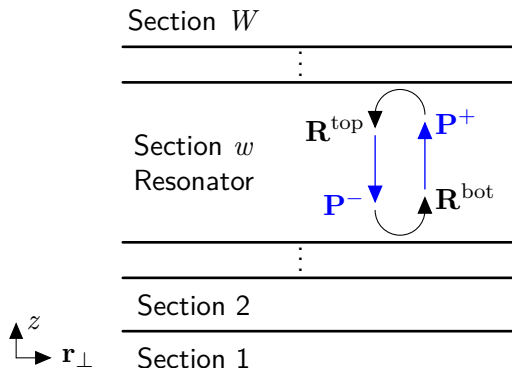
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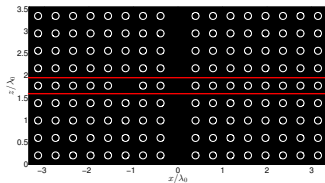
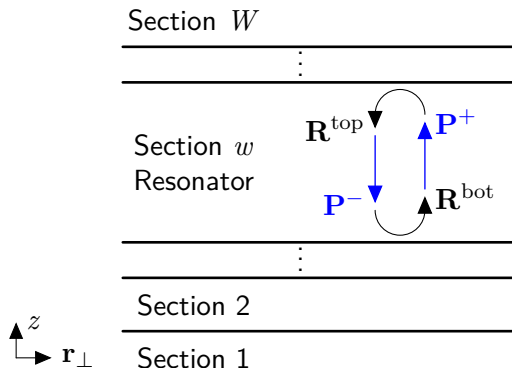


Quasi-normal mode condition:

Resonator roundtrip matrix $\mathbf{M}(\omega) \equiv \mathbf{R}^{\text{bot}} \mathbf{P}^- \mathbf{R}^{\text{top}} \mathbf{P}^+$ satisfying

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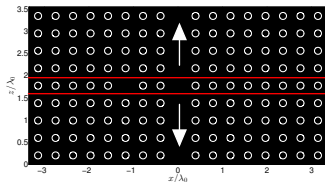
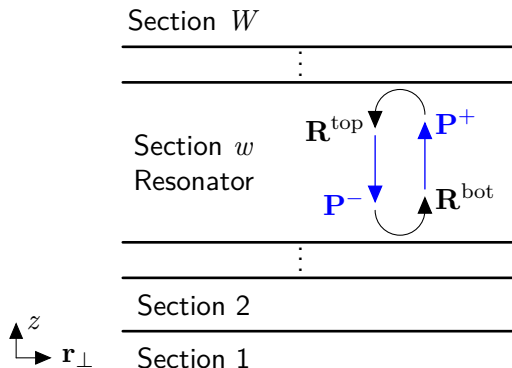
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[J. R. de Lasson et al., arXiv:1405.2595]

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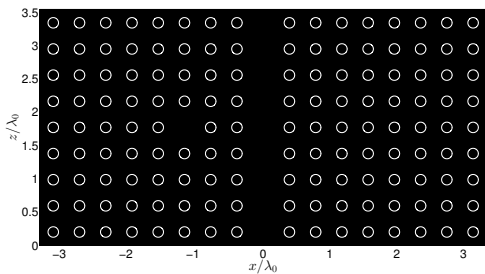
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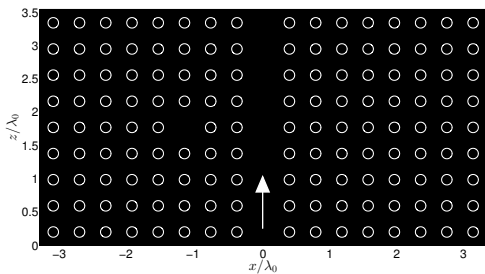
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Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities



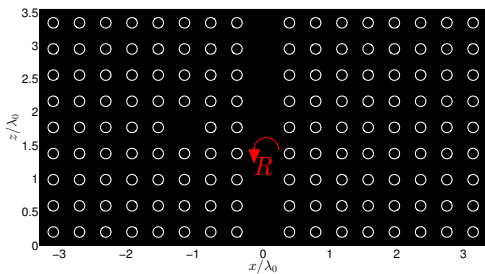
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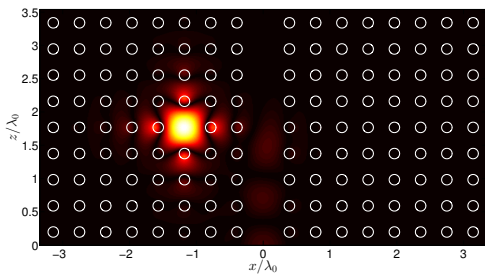
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Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities



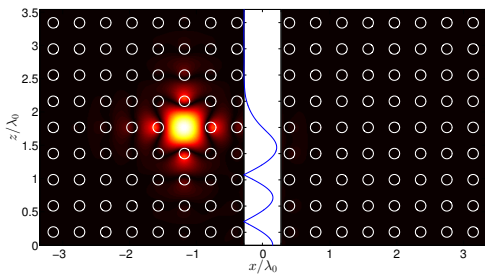
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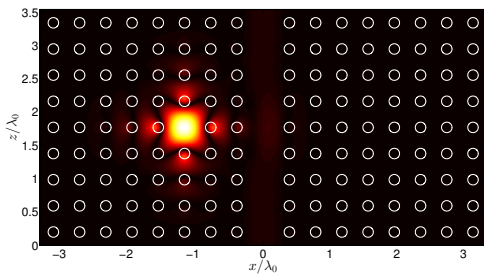
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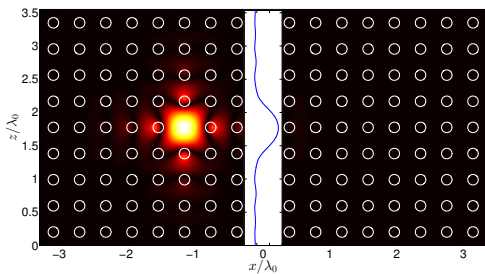
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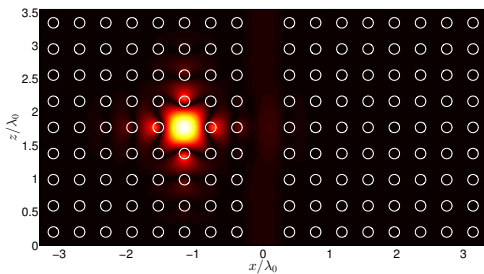
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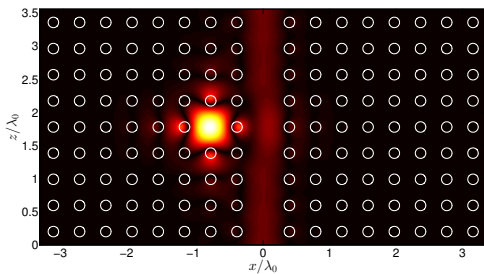
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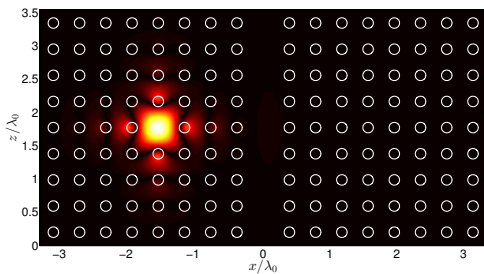
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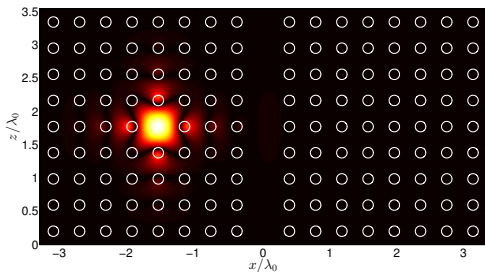
Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities



[J. R. de Lasson *et al.*, arXiv:1405.2595]

Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities

$$Q = \frac{\omega_R}{2\gamma}$$

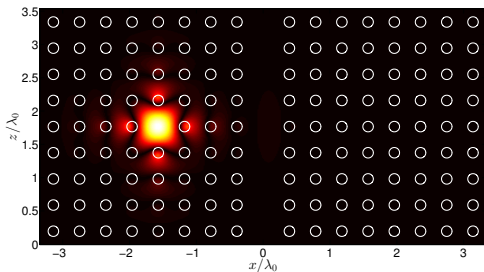


[J. R. de Lasson *et al.*, arXiv:1405.2595]

Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities

$$Q = \frac{\omega_R}{2\gamma}$$

$$Q_{4a} = 2.0 \cdot 10^4$$



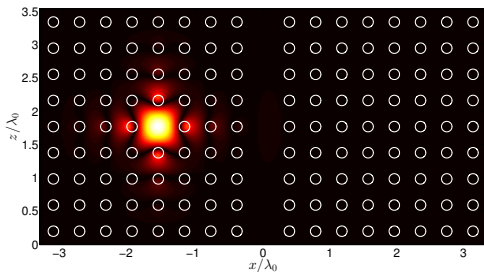
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$$Q = \frac{\omega_R}{2\gamma}$$

$$Q_{3a} = 1.6 \cdot 10^3$$

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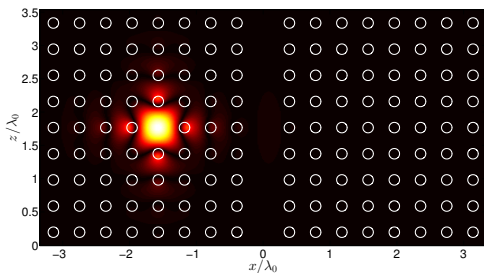
Quasi-Normal Modes in Side-Coupled PhC Cavities

$$Q = \frac{\omega_R}{2\gamma}$$

$$Q_{2a} = 1.5 \cdot 10^2$$

$$Q_{3a} = 1.6 \cdot 10^3$$

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[J. R. de Lasson *et al.*, arXiv:1405.2595]

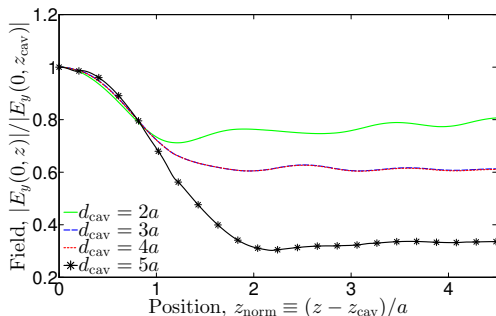
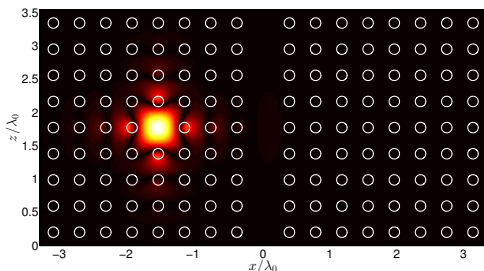
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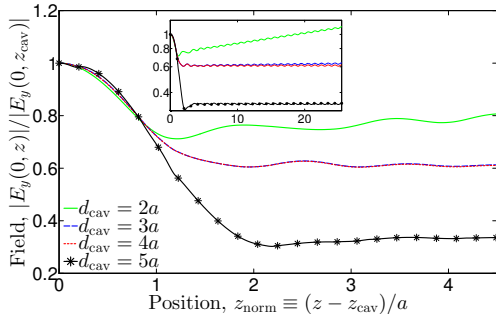
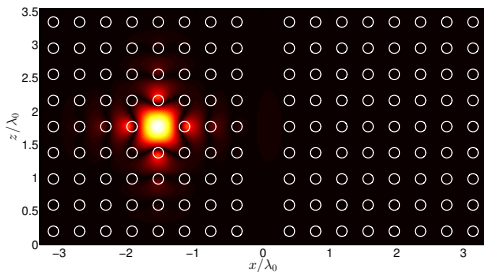
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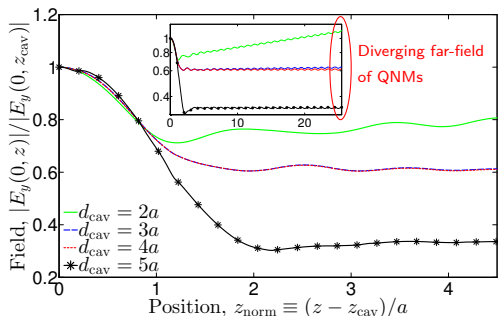
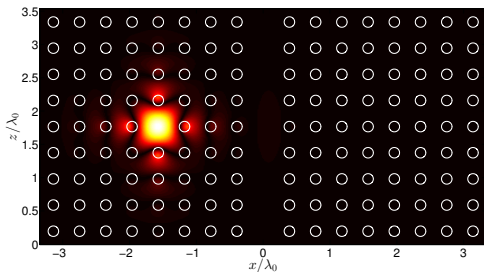
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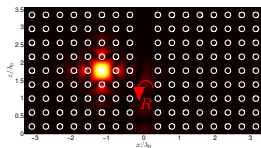
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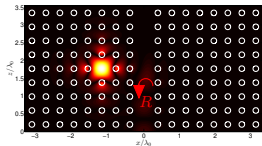
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Open nanophotonic resonators support leaky optical modes

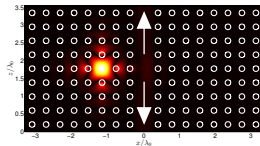


Conclusions

Open nanophotonic resonators support leaky optical modes

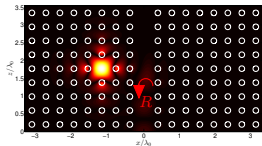


Quasi-normal modes as a rigorous framework for open resonators

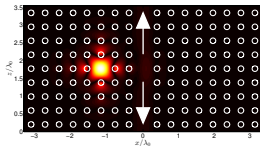


Conclusions

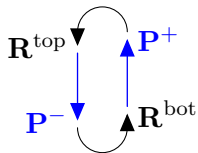
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Quasi-normal modes as a rigorous framework for open resonators

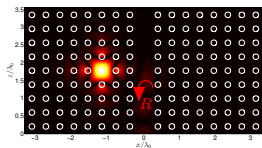


$$\mathbf{E}^w(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_j c_j^w \mathbf{e}_j^w(\mathbf{r}_\perp, z)$$

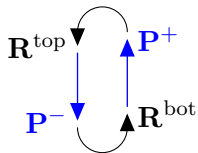


Conclusions

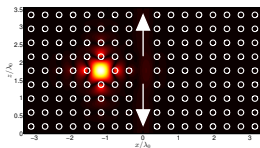
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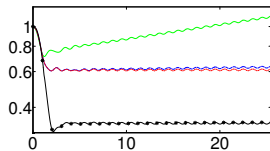
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Quasi-normal modes as a rigorous framework for open resonators



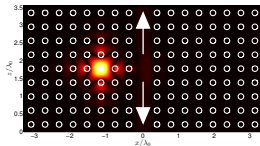
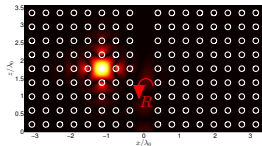
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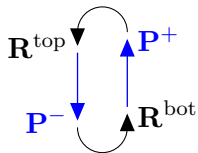
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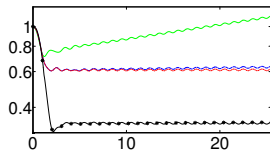
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J. R. de Lasson



P. T. Kristensen



J. Mørk



N. Gregersen

